



The December 2003 Clark

Second Clark of the 32nd Ziu

1. Results of the November 2003 Clark

The following bills received Royal Assent and have been passed into law:

32RZ01 – They are almost Talossans too, you know, act

Introduced by Sir Marti-Pair Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)

Agreed to by the Cosä 142-58, by the Senäts 4-1 (1 abstained)

32RZ02 – The Secretary of State replacement act

Introduced by Sir Marti-Pair Furxhéir (Secretary of State)

Agreed to by the Cosä 116-0 (84 abstained), by the Senäts 4-1 (1 abstained)

32RZ03 – The Cosä vote correctional program

Introduced by Sir Marti-Pair Furxhéir (Secretary of State)

Agreed to by the Cosä 105-95, by the Senäts 4-2

32RZ04 – The Postmaster-general Establishment act

Introduced by Március Cantaloûr (MN-Atatürk)

Agreed to by the Cosä 162-38, by the Senäts 4-1 (1 abstained)

32RZ05 – The Jahn/Muth Switcheroo Act

Introduced by Ben Madison (King of Talossa)

Agreed to by the Cosä 146-54, by the Senäts 6-0

The Cosä and Senäts disagreed on the following bill:

32RZ06 – The Gloria Estefan Restoration Act

Introduced by Baron Quedéir Castiglhá (MN-Florescia)

Agreed to by the Cosä 94-84 (22 abstained), rejected by the Senäts 1-5

The Cosä passed a Vote of Confidence in the Government 103-97 .

Members of the Cosä voted as follows:

Name	Party	Seats	RZ 1	RZ 2	RZ 3	RZ 4	RZ 5	RZ 6	VoC
Tomás Gariçéir	GCP	16	Con	Aus	Con	Per	Per	Aus	Non
Tamorán dal Navä	GCP	16	Con	Aus	Con	Con	Per	Con	Non
Andreas Lorentz	GCP	16	Con	Aus	Con	Con	Per	Con	Non
Ben Madison	MN	18	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con	Per	Üc
Wes Erni	MN	18	Per	Aus	Per	Per	Per	Per	Üc
Március Cantaloûr	MN	18	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con	Per	Üc
Pete Hottelet	MN	6	Con	Per	Per	Con	Per	Aus	Üc
Mximo Carbonel	MN	18	Per	Per	Con	Per	Con	Per	Üc
			142-58	116-0 (84)	105-95	162-38	146-54	94-84 (22)	103-97

Name	Party	Seats	RZ 1	RZ 2	RZ 3	RZ 4	RZ 5	RZ 6	VoC
Quedéir Castiglhá	MN	18	Per	Aus	Con	Per	Per	Per	Üc
Ián von Metáiriá	PC	4	Con	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con	Non
Matthias Muth	PC	3	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con	Non
Ieremiac'h Ventrutx	PC	4	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Non
Mic'haglh Loquatsch	PC	4	Per	Per	Con	Per	Per	Con	Non
Gödafríeu Válcadác'h	PC	4	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con	Non
Marti-Páir Furxhéir	PC	30	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con	Non
Xherált Del'Engradéir	ZPT	7	Per	Per	Con	Per	Per	Con	Üc
			142-58	116-0 (84)	105-95	162-38	146-54	94-84 (22)	103-97

Senators voted as follows:

Name	Province	RZ1	RZ2	RZ3	RZ4	RZ5	RZ6
Marti-Páir Furxhéir	Atatürk	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con
Tom Buffone	Belacostă	<i>Did not vote</i>					
Gjermund Higräff	Cézembre	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con
Art Verbotten	Florenciä	Aus	Per	Per	Aus	Per	Con
Gödafríeu Válcadác'h	Maricopa	Per	Per	Per	Per	Per	Con
Tamorán dal Navă	Maritiimi-Maxhestic	Con	Aus	Con	Con	Per	Con
Amy Durnford	Vuode	Per	Con	Con	Per	Per	Per
		4-1 (1)	4-1 (1)	4-2	4-1 (1)	6-0	1-5

2. This Month's Business

The Second Clark of the 32nd Ziu runs from December 1st to 21st 2003/XXIV.

Voting on the Clark is open until the 21st of December at 7:30 PM Talossan time.

The following bills have been presented for consideration:

32RZ07 – The depolitization of the monarchy ammendment

Introduced by Ben Madison (King of Talossa)

32RZ08 – Let's give the seats back to the parties act

Introduced by Sir Marti-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)

32RZ09 – La Clause Nonobstand Act

Introduced by Sir Marti-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)

32RZ10 – The Governor-General Act

Introduced by Sir Tamorán dal Navă (GCP-MM)

32RZ11 – The Talossan Bar

Introduced by Sir Tamorán dal Navă (GCP-MM)

32RZ12 – The Talossan Bar Admission Act of 2003

Introduced by Sir Tamorán dal Navă (GCP-MM)

32RZ13 – The "I want a limousine damnit" act

Introduced by Sir Marti-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)

32RZ14 – Spam Is Yummy Act

Introduced by Márcüs Cantaloûr (MN-Atatürk)

32RZ15 – Sustainable Forestry Act

Introduced by Márcüs Cantaloûr (MN-Atatürk)

32RZ16 – Party? What Party? I don't see a Party? Mind your own business Act

Introduced by Sir Marti-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatiürk)

The full text of these bills is available in the appendix.

The following motion is to be voted on by the Cosă only:

Vote of Confidence

Do you wish the current Government to continue in its term of office?

3. Judicial Decisions

Pursuant to Lex.G.12.1, the Chancery announces that no decisions were rendered by any national court since the publication of the last Clark.

4. Prime Dictates

Pursuant to Lex.H.2.7.1, the Chancery announces that no Prime Dictates were issued since the publication of the last Clark.

Ordered printed today, December 1st 2003/XLVI

The Secretary of State / El Secretar d'Estat

Sir Marti-Páir Furxhéir

A. Full text of all bills on the Clark

32RZ07 - The depolitization of the monarchy ammendment

WHEREAS , the evolution of Talossa from a one-man state, to a multi-ego, monarchical autocracy, to a semiconstitutional balance of powers under the 1985 Organic Law, to a constitutional Monarchy under the 1988 Constituziun and 1997 Organic Law, has seen a consistent expansion of the rights of the Talossan people to determine their own destiny under the historically appropriate watchful eye of the House and Dynasty of Rouergue, and

WHEREAS , this evolution and growth of the Talossan nation now requires a further clarification of the constitutional responsibilities of the Legislature and of the Monarchy, each in its own separate sphere, and

WHEREAS , in his Speech from the Throne of 28 November 2003 the King indicated his intention to remove himself from direct involvement in the parliamentary system of Talossa,

Therefore: The Organic Law of Talossa is hereby amended.

Article VIII, Section 2 is changed to read as follows:

"Art. VIII:Sec. 2. Any Member of the Cosà, or Senator, or the King, shall have the right to submit bills, before the before the twenty-first day of the month, to the Secretary of State for consideration by the Ziu. Bills received after the twenty-first day of the month shall be published in the next Clark or postponed for one Clark, at the Secretary of State's discretion."

And Article VII, Section 6 is changed to read as follows:

"Art. VII:Sec. 6. Anyone eligible to vote in Talossa is eligible to hold any government position, including Member of the Cosà. However, neither a reigning King nor a Regent shall hold any seats, either in the Cosà or in the Senäts, during his reign or regency."

The provision for a Regent is to clearly separate the powers of the Legislative and Executive branches.

A referendum shall be authorized, at the earliest legal opportunity, so that the people of Talossa may pass or defeat this Amendment.

Uréu q'estadra sã,
Ben Madison (King of Talossa)

32RZ08 - Let's give the seats back to the parties act

WHEREAS a great controversy over the SeatGate occur, with an interrogation as to whether seats in the Còsa belong to Cosà members or parties

WHEREAS the Cort hasn't made a clear judgement on it

WHEREAS This situation is ambiguous and divided the country over a period of a few days

WHEREAS The article that speaks of removal of Cosà members is dated from prior to the adoption of EM200

WHEREAS This Cosà member believes that seats under EM200 should belong to Parties and not individual Cosà members, since in our system, it is parties and not Cosà members who are elected

THEREFORE the Ziu ammends article VIII Section 4 to now read as follows :

Art. VIII:Sec. 4. Each person holding at least 1 seat is a correspondent representative known as a "Member of the Cosà" (MC). Party leaders must submit, prior to the publication of each clark, a list of Cosà members with their number of seats to the Secretary of State. If no list is supplied to the Secretary of State in time, the Secretary of State shall assign the seats to the party in a manner as close as possible to the previous clark. The Secretary of State may allow or refuse seat reallocation during a clark according to the rules established by the Secretary of State Office at the moment of the request.

Uréu q'estadra sã,
Sir Martì-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)

32RZ09 - La Clause Nonobstand Act

WHEREAS , now, referendums are only held every general electon,

WHEREAS , in some cases, an ammendment needs to be in place faster,

WHERAS in Canada there is a "clause nonobstand" which allows a province to ignore part of the constitution,

THEREFORE, the Ziu amends the Organic Law by adding the following Section 3 to Article XIV of the Organic Law to read as follows in its entirety:

Art.XIV, Sec.3: An organic law ammendment may invoke the Notwisthanding clause to become law as soon as approved by 2/3 of both Ziu chambers by using exactly the following syntax (minus small grammatical corrections should it become necessary) : "The ZIU resolves to invoke the Notwisthanding clause for this ammendment and put it in place immediatly after approval by the ZIU. This ammendent still requires to be ratified by a referendum to the population, but is deemed in place until the ratification. If the bill is rejected by the population, the ammendment will still deemed to have been in function between the approval by the ZIU and the ratification, but will stop being in place on the end of the referendum as if a succesful referendum for the removal of the ammdendment had been ratified."

Uréu q'estadra sã,

Sir Marti-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)

32RZ10 - The Governor-General Act

WHEREAS the Council of Governors has already been established; and

WHEREAS no leader of the council was named; and

WHEREAS it seems appropriate to appoint a leader, to serve as a representative of the Council as a whole when dealing with the Head of State of the Head of Government;

THEREFORE the Zlu hereby authorises the creation of the position of Governor-General of Talossa, who shall be the leader of the Council of Governors, chosen by a majority of the Council members (who are the collective governors and provincial leader of Talossa). In matters provincial, the Governor-General shall serve as a liaison to the Government of Talossa, to serve at the behest of the Council of Governors.

Uréu q'estadra sã,

Sir Tamorán dal Navă (GCP-MM)

32RZ11 - The Talossan Bar

WHEREAS there is absent any authority within the Kingdom of Talossa authorising the approval of practicing lawyer, attorney, barristers, and solicitors; and

WHEREAS such authority should exist if anyone is to practice law as a legal representative in the Kingdom of Talossa; and

WHEREAS it\'s high time such a problem was addressed

THEREOFRE the Ziu enacts the following law, hereby establishing a Royal Talossan Bar:

From this moment henceforth there shall be a legal association for the approval of any person wishing to practise law as a barrister, solicitor, lawyer, or attorney (styled as such according to Talossan law), known as the Royal Talossan Bar.

In order to gain admittance to the Bar, a candidate must pass a test or set of requirements set by the Bar, according to Talossan law. Upon admittance to the Bar, any person may be allowed to freely practise law, having the right to appear before any court in the Kingdom of Talossa.

The head of the Bar shall be chosen by the Senäts with a majority vote. The leader of the Bar shall be called Chancellor of the Royal Talossan Bar, chosen to serve the people of Talossa as the top legal mid, separate from the political structure. The Chancellor shall have no legal power beyond that of aiding in the approval or removal of Bar candidates or its members.

Uréu q'estadra sã,

Sir Tamorán dal Navă (GCP-MM)

32RZ12 - The Talossan Bar Admission Act of 2003

[This bill is contingent upon passage of the Talossan Bar Act.]

WHEREAS a temporary measure of approving members to the Royal Talossan Bar is necessary; and

WHEREAS no such provision exists as of yet

THEREFORE the Ziu approves the following method:

The method of approval of admission to the Royal Talossan Bar is hereby established. The Uppermost Cort and the Chancellor of the Royal Talossan Bar shall comprise the approving body of the Royal Talossan Bar, the Board of Admissions. If there is no such Chancellor, then the Board shall be comprised of the Uppermost Cort alone. No member of the Cort shall be allowed to serve as Chancellor, but all members of the Cort at the time of passage shall automatically be members of the Bar.

Any candidate wishing to join the Bar must endure, to the Board's satisfaction, a set of interviews used to determine the candidate's worthiness. If the candidate is approved, he or she may begin practising law within the Kingdom after a two-week period, given in order to prepare the newly-approved candidate and the Bar itself.

If a candidate does not pass the interviews to the satisfaction of the Board, then they may not re-apply for no less than one (1) calendar month. Upon completion of that month, they may apply again. There is no limit to the number of times a candidate may apply.

At this time, no fee is collected for membership.

This method of approval shall expire upon the establishment of other rules for approving candidates.

Uréu q'estadra sã,

Sir Tamorán dal Navă (GCP-MM)

32RZ13 - The "I want a limousine damnit" act

WHEREAS in Canada and probably many other countries, only Minister get a limousine, normal representatives do not get that privileged,

WHEREAS in Talossa, only members of the Ziu may submit bills,

WHEREAS Ministers, when they submit bills, often use their minister's title,

WHEREAS The King and even the opposition leader in at least one documented case, have used other non government related post when sending a bill,

WHEREAS this custom has always been a part of Talossa's bill system, yet no laws (in my knowledge) ever codified it,

WHEREAS the **WHEREAS** section is mostly used to place a bill in context, yet the title of the proposer can be equally used to establish context,

WHEREAS in Talossa, no ministry is rich enough to afford a Limousine

WHEREAS after a few weeks of serious fighting, it is time for a little more Talossanity

THEREFORE the Ziu resolves to officially legalize the use of official non-Ziu titles when a member of the ZIU submit a bill, if the submitter feels that he is submitting a bill in another capacity as ZIU member.

Such a title shall be called a "Limousine" or by it's Talossan equivalent. A title of Senator, distain or Member of the Cosà is a Ziu title, and as such not a Limousine. A person can only be entitled to a limousine if he is both a member of the Ziu AND holding an official title.

A Limousine may contains, but are not restricted to : A governor title, a minister or deputy minister title, a title conferred by a national organization such as the CCÜG or the Secretary of States office.

This bill may not be viewed as a means to allow non members of the ZIU to post bills using their Limousine.

It doesn't allow either to use non-official titles or party specific titles.

Finally, the use of a Limousine instead of a ziu title engages that person in that capacity. For example, a bill submitted by a Cosà member as being "Minister of Culture" indicates that the bill is trully submitted in the name of the Minister of Culture.

Uréu q'estadra sã,

Sir Martì-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)

32RZ14 - Spam Is Yummy Act

WHEREAS , Spam Luncheon Meat is a delicious and versatile product And,

WHEREAS , there are many cool Spam products available and there is even a Monty Python skit, complete with a song about Spam And,

WHEREAS there are many foul and vile imitations of Spam Luncheon Meat,

Therefore, the Ziu hereby resolves and declares Spam to be the official Luncheon Meat of Talossa and sanctions its full use by all citizens.

Uréu q'estadra sâ,
Márcüs Cantaloûr (MN-Atatürk)

32RZ15 - Sustainable Forestry Act

WHEREAS , many current practices of the forestry industry, such as clear cutting; are extremely damaging to the environment and the eco-systems within these forests,

Therefore the Ziu hereby resolves that the practice of community-based and eco-system based forestry are to be recommended as a model for the future.

Uréu q'estadra sâ,
Márcüs Cantaloûr (MN-Atatürk)

32RZ16 - Party? What Party? I don't see a Party? Mind your own business Act

WHEREAS The Organic law specify that a proposer must include his party and province,

WHEREAS In practice, this is not always done,

THEREFORE The Ziu ammends the Organic law, article Article VIII Section 3 to read as follow:

Art. VIII:Sec. 3. A bill may be proposed by submitting it to the Secretary of State. A bill thus submitted should be followed by the words "Uréu q'estadra sâ" (or "Proposed by") and the name of the author(s) and the capacity in which the proposer is submitting the bill. The Ziu may regulate the wording to use for the capacity. The Secretary of State may refuse to accept bills which are not clearly typed or word-processed.

Uréu q'estadra sâ,
Sir Marti-Páir Furxhéir (PC-Atatürk)